OUTCOMES (on TracDat)

updated - 1/4/2018 - Professors Marcotte and Poteat

		apply the knowledge, techniques, skills, and modern tools of the discipline to narrowly defined engineering	Applying Practical Knowledge (b) an ability to apply a knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering, and technology engineering technology problems that require limited application of principles but extensive	standard tests and measurements, and to	Team Work - (d) an ability to function deficitively as a member	an ability to identify, analyze, and solve narrowly defined engineering technology	Communicating - (f) an ability to apply written, oral, and graphical communication in both technical and non- technical environments; and an ability to identify and use appropriate	Professional Improvement - (g) an understanding of the need for and an ability to engage in self-directed continuing professional	professional and ethical responsibilities, including	Commitment - (i) a commitment to quality, timeliness, and
	<u>POLs</u>	technology activities.		interpret experiments.	of a technical team.	problems.	technical literature.	development.	a respect for diversity.	continuous improvement.
	Understand the components of a computer system and understand basic design and problem solving strategies using C++. Understand C++ datatypes, Input /		~			~				
ELET115N = C++	Output (I/O), File I/O, expressions, and errors.	✓		✓						
	Understand the use of functions, parameter passing and return values from functions.	✓		\checkmark						
	Understand C++ control structures - if statements, loops, and conditional logic	✓		\checkmark						
	Convert between number systems and express signed numbers in binary signed magnitude using 1's and 2's complement form		\checkmark							
ELET121N - Dig. Circuits I	Understand and apply Logic Gates, Adders, Encoders, Decoders, Comparators, Multiplexers and de- multiplexers	~		~		~				
	Simplify algebraic expressions using Boolean algebra, DeMorgan's theorems and Karnaugh map to simplify expressions or truth table functions		~							
	Apply Latches and Flip-Flops and use One-shots and Multivibrators as clocking sources		\checkmark							
	and solve for current, voltage, resistance, and power in series, parallel, and series-parallel electric circuits using both scientific and engineering notation		~	~						
ELET131N - Circuit Anal. I	Ohm's Law and Kirchoff's Laws - Calculate voltages and currents using Ohm's law, Kirchho?'s voltage and current laws as well as voltage and current divider equations		~	~						
	Branch, Mesh and Nodal Analysis - Calculate electrical quantities using the branch-current analysis, mesh analysis, and nodal analysis methods		\checkmark	\checkmark						
	and Maximum Power Theorems - Solve complex circuits by applying Superposition, Thevenin's, Norton's, and Maximum Power Transfer theorems		~	~						
	Capacitive and inductive Networks Determine transient (time- varying) responses of capacitive and inductive networks and plot resulting voltages and currents.	✓		\checkmark		✓	~			
	the phase relationship between two sinusoidal waveforms and understand how to calculate the average and effective values of any waveform and using phasor format to add and subtract sinusoidal waveforms.	~		~		~	~			

✓

4	ELET132N - Circuit Anal. II	Impedance of series, parallel, and series/parallel circuits Find the total impedance of series, parallel and series- parallel ac circuits and become proficient in applying Thevenin's and Norton's theorem to ac networks.	✓		~	✓			
		Levels and frequency response of filters Develop confidence in the use of logarithms and decibels to define levels and also become familiar with frequency response of filters and display these using Bode Plots.	✓		~	✓	✓		
		Define semiconductor principles and construct DC load lines and operating points for diodes, bipolar junction transistors (BJT's) and Field Effect <u>Transistors (FET's)</u> , Identify and analyze half-wave		√	~	√			
5	ELET141N - Elec. I	and full-wave rectifier circuits as well as clippers, clampers, peak detectors and voltage multipliers. Discuss the operation of the BJT		✓	~	\checkmark			
		and the FET including biasing them in various configurations and identifying saturation and cut-off points for a given bias. Design BJT and FET amplifier		\checkmark	~	\checkmark			
		networks and use decibels and Bode Plots to understand their Frequency Response.		\checkmark	~	\checkmark			
		Understand synchronous and asynchronous circuits by implementing various types of shift register (SR) circuits and using state machines and state diagrams to implement and apply circuits to real world applications.	✓		~	✓			
6	ELET221N - Adv. Dig. Circuits	Understand memory basics including the various types of memory devices such as RAM, ROM, Flash, etc.	~		✓				
		Be able to design basic programmable devices such as CPLD's and FPGAs in a real world application. Be and to uscuss the computer bus basics including the different types	√		~				
		(parallel, serial, USB, etc). Understand logarithms, decibels, Bode	✓						
		Plots and Miller Effect Capacitance Be able to calculate Frequency Response for BJT and FET Amplifiers as		✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓			
7	ELET241N - Elec. II	well as Op-Amps voltage of an Op-Amp depends on its open-loop gain and differential input		<u> </u>	✓ ✓	✓ ✓			
		instrumentation and bridge amplifiers and calculate the effects for AC performance, bandwidth, slew rate and noise.		✓	~	✓			
Ī		Communications and Digital Communications.	\checkmark		✓	✓			
8	ELET245N - Comm Theory	Explain the fundamentals of Amplitude Modulation (AM), Frequency Modulation (FM) and know the differences between time division multiplexing, frequency division multiplexing and digital modulation. Explain the users or runnimestor multiplexing and set of the set o	✓		✓	V			
		theory and perform communication circuit analysis using computer simulations.	\checkmark		✓	\checkmark			
		Understand principles of Data Communications. Analyze the Hardware and	✓	\checkmark					
		Analyze the Hardware and Software Architectures of the Intel Family of Embedded <u>Microprocessors</u> . understand and interpret	\checkmark						
		understand and interpret coding schemes, such as Assembly Language Fundamentals, including looping, calls, and procedures and the differences between microcontrollers and	✓		✓				

9	ELET250N - Microcontrollers	interface the on-board ROM, RAM, registers, timers, counters, serial port, and general purpose I/O to digital, analog, and time-varying input and outnut sionals	~		~						
		Apply microcontroller principles to real world situations. This includes develop real-time assembly language programs using linear, polling, handshaking, and interrupt techniques		✓			✓	√			
		Create a Project Plan which includes but is not limited to: the project proposal, circuit design, simulation, test plans, bill of materials, flowcharts and software code (where applicable), and demonstration of a working prototype.	~					~	<		✓
10	ELET274N - EET Capstone	assure the project works as initially specified.					✓	✓	✓		✓
		Apply formal communication skills with client / customer (if applicable), instructor, teammates in both oral and written form. This includes but is not limited to regular status reports and formal public presentation.					✓	✓			
		includes professional, ethical, and social responsibilities				~				✓	