## Nashua Community College Department of Nursing Curriculum Map – First Year

Course	NURS 125N Fundamental Concepts	NURS 140N Care I: Concepts and	NURS 230N Pharmacology for
	and Skills for Nursing Practice	Skills	Nursing Practice
Course Description	This course introduces the student to major concepts and skills required as a foundation for further studies in nursing and prepares the student to deliver safe nursing care across the lifespan under the supervision of a Registered Nurse. Content in the theory portion of the class includes: Introduction to Nursing, Working in the Healthcare System, Care of the Human Being, the program's conceptual framework, Nursing Process and Critical Thinking, Health Assessment, Meeting Basic Human Needs Across the Lifespan, Patient/Family Education, Concepts of Medication Administration, and Contemporary Contexts for Professional Nursing. During lab and clinical, the student will practice skills related to the concepts in the theory portion of the class. Upon completion of the course, the student is eligible to seek NH licensure as a nursing assistant.	This course introduces the student to the care of patients with chronic altered health conditions across the lifespan. Care of the patient with selected alterations in health, including integumentary, cardiac, respiratory, endocrine, musculoskeletal, and neurological/mental health conditions will be studied. Selected health alterations are explored in light of the program's conceptual framework, pathophysiology, pharmacology, and interdisciplinary interventions. Concepts and skills introduced in NURS125N will be applied and further developed throughout the semester. Clinical experience(s) will occur in a combination of inpatient acute rehab, inpatient/ outpatient psychiatric, and clinical simulation settings. Prerequisites: NURS125N, PSYC201N, and BIOL202N.	This course is a hybrid course that presents information related to the nurse's role in the pharmacological treatment of health alterations. Foundational principles of drug action, pathophysiology, and a systematic review of common drugs in clinical use will be studied. Safe administration of medication across the lifespan, assessment of its effectiveness, patient and family education, and ethical and legal issues related to the nurse's role in pharmacotherapeutics is emphasized. Prerequisites: NURS125N, NURS140N.
End-of-Program Student Learning	End-of-Course Student Learning Outcomes		
Outcomes			
1. Plan and deliver safe individualized care to patients by integrating the nursing process and pertinent nursing knowledge, principles of teaching / learning, and preferences of patients or legal designees across the lifespan, diversity of culture, and the levels of prevention.  (Patient-Centered Care/Diversity)	1. Identify developmental, cultural, and spiritual human needs, health, and alterations in health within the context of an epidemiological framework.  2. Apply the nursing process, incorporating principles and evidence from the biopsychosocial sciences and discipline of nursing to safely care for patients of diverse backgrounds and characteristics with support of faculty.  3. Develop skills to assist patients in health and illness.	1. Use the nursing process to formulate individualized nursing care plans for patients of diverse backgrounds and characteristics with selected alterations in health.  2. Implement selected aspects of an interdisciplinary plan of care for patients with selected alterations in health.  3. Provide education across the levels of prevention to assigned patients / families / peers to address selected knowledge deficits.	1. Examine the nurse's role and responsibilities in the administration of medication.  2. Describe the principles of drug actions, interactions, and reactions.  3. Explain the interrelationship of physiology, pathophysiology, and selected classes of prototypical drugs.

	A Book the decides to the second	T	
	4. Describe the teaching-learning principles		
	necessary for educating the patient/family on		
	health promotion and health maintenance		
2. Practice collaboratively on the multi- professional health care team using principles of leadership across the disciplines and throughout the health care system to influence and facilitate conflict resolution and the establishment and achievement of shared goals. (Leadership and Teamwork/Collaboration)	5. Discuss the role of the nurse within the context of the health care system  6. Identify organizational structure, policies, procedures, and various disciplines that interact within the health care system to provide patient care.  7. Determine priorities of nursing care with assistance of faculty and the interdisciplinary team	Collaborate with the health care team in maintaining a therapeutic environment.	4. Apply the nursing process to develop an evidence-based plan of care to meet clients' needs arising from pharmacological interventions across the lifespan including sociocultural and developmental considerations .
3. Support a culture of continuous quality improvement by using data to monitor outcomes; identifying, reporting, and intervening in actual or potential problems; collaborating with the multi-professional team throughout the health care system; and developing evidence-based strategies for optimal practice.  (QI/Safety; Collaboration; Evidence Based Practice)	8.Identify hazards of the patient care environment and implications for patient care.  9.Demonstrate a basic ability to identify, retrieve, and evaluate pertinent evidence as a foundation for patient care  10.Evaluate personal preparation and delivery of nursing care, and propose a plan for improvement	5. Identify and intervene in hazards to patients' wellbeing.  6. Apply principles and evidence from the biopsychosocial sciences and discipline of nursing to understand and intervene in selected alterations in health.	5. Demonstrate safe administration of selected drugs in the care of individual patients.
4. Use health care system resources and technology, including information technology, time, policies and procedures, materials, and equipment, to coordinate and deliver individual and / or population-focused care that is safe, effective and efficient.  (Informatics and Technology)	<ul><li>11. Use a variety of resources for remediating knowledge deficits.</li><li>12. Define ways to manage time and resources effectively to accomplish goals of care.</li></ul>	7. Establish priorities and conserve resources when providing care to a patient with a chronic health problem.  8. Locate appropriate community resources for supporting biopsychosocial adaptation of patients across multiple phases of health and wellness, along the continuum of care.	6. Construct individualized education plans to assist diverse patients/families across the lifespan to incorporate medication regimes into their lifestyle.
5. Communicate clearly in goal-oriented, culturally sensitive, caring, concise, and timely ways using written, verbal, non-verbal, and electronic modalities.	13. Practice multi-modal communication skills through interaction with peers, faculty, agency staff, and patients.	9. Apply communication principles and therapeutic use of self in interactions with patients and their families.	
(Communication)	14. Promptly and succinctly report relevant patient-oriented information to faculty and staff.	10. Communicate effectively and promptly with the patient, significant others, and members of the health care team as indicated by assessment data and trends.	
6. Demonstrate accountability for professional practice using legal, ethical, and regulatory guidelines and participate in activities that contribute to life-long learning.	15. Use the Standards of Practice, ANA Code of Ethics, and the New Hampshire Nurse Practice Act as guides for professional development and accountability.	11. Differentiate the application of the principles of beneficence, autonomy, advocacy, and confidentiality across a variety of health care settings.	7. Discuss the legal and ethical considerations related to the nurse's role in medication administration.
(Professionalism and Knowledge/Leadership)			

16. Incorporate the ethical principles of confidentiality, autonomy, veracity, beneficence, and non-maleficence in patient care.	12. Discuss the role of nurse as advocate in a variety of health care settings.		
Course Topics / Units			
NURS 125N	NURS 140N	NURS 230N	
I. Introduction to NURS 125N Fundamental Concepts and Skills for Nursing Practice	I. Introduction to Care of Patients with Chronic Physical and/or Mental health conditions	I. Fundamental Principles of Pharmacology and the Nurse-Client Relationship Across the Lifespan	
II. Introduction to Nursing Practice; Working in the Health Care System  III. Care of the Human Being	II. Care of the Patient with Selected Alterations in Skin/Integumentary Integrity: Wounds, Infections, Infestations	II. Pharmacology and the Autonomic Nervous System	
A. Individualization of Care: Race, Gender, Spirituality, Culture B. Nursing Care and Developmental	III. Care of the Patient with Selected Alterations in Endocrine Function: Diabetes, posterior pituitary, thyroid, and adrenal	III. Pharmacology and the Endocrine System including Diabetes	
Needs C. Therapeutic Relationship and Communication	IV. Care of the Patient with Selected Alterations in Oxygenation: COPD, Asthma,	IV. Pharmacology, the Respiratory System, and Allergy	
D. Family/Community/ Environment E. Stress/Health/Illness	V. Care of the Patient with Selected Alterations in Perfusion: CHF, Hypertension,	V. Pharmacology and the Cardiovascular System VI. Pharmacology and the Central Nervous	
IV. Basic Human Needs A. Safety and Infection Prevention	Peripheral Vascular Disease  VI. Care of the Patient with Selected Common	System: Pain Management; Alterations in Neurologic Function	
B. Mobility, Transfers, Ambulation,     Positioning/ Exercise, Activity     C. Hygiene	and Chronic Neurological conditions: Stroke, Seizures, Epilepsy, Multiple Sclerosis, Myasthenia Gravis, ALS, Parkinson's	VII. Pharmacology and the Musculoskeletal System	
D. Sleep/Rest/Sensory Perception E. Elimination F. Oxygenation	VII. Care of Patients with Selected Common and Chronic Selected Alterations in Mobility	VIII. Pharmacology and the Central Nervous System: Psychotropic Medications	
G. Meeting Nutritional Requirements H. Fluid and Electrolyte Balance	and Musculoskeletal Function: Osteoporosis, Back pain, Vertebral disorders, Degenerative Joint Disease	IX. Pharmacology and the Gastrointestinal System and Genitourinary	
V. The Nursing Process, Critical Thinking, Documentation and Reporting/ Health Care Informatics	VIII. Care of the Patient with Alterations in Psychosocial Adaptation:	X. Pharmacology, the Immune System, and Alterations in Cell Proliferation	
VI. Introduction to Simulation Lab and Health Assessment Skills	A. Depressive Disorders     B. Bipolar Disorder     C. Personality Disorder	XI. Pharmacology and Infectious Disease	
A. General Assessment and Vital Signs     B. Physical Assessment     C. Comfort and Pain Management	IX. Care of the Patient with Alterations in Psychosocial Adaptation: A. Anxiety, Obsessive-Compulsive and Related Disorders		

VII. Concepts and Skills for Medication	B. Trauma and Stress-Related
Management	Disorders
	C. Eating Disorders
VIII. Health Promotion/ Education for the	
Patient, Family, Community	X. Care of the Patient with Alterations in
	Psychosocial Adaptation:
IX. Contexts of Professional Nursing	
A. Historical	XI. Care of the Patient with Substance Related
B. Professional	and Addictive Disorders
C. Legal	
	XII. Care of the Patient with Acute Mental
D. Ethical	Health Disorders: Crisis, Suicide, Violence,
	Anger/Aggression
	XIII. Care of the patient with Somatic /
	Dissociative Disorders
	XIV. Care of the Patient with Alterations in
	Psychosocial Adaptation:
	Neurocognitive Disorders: Dementia, Delirium,
	Alzheimer's
	XV. Care of the Patient with Psychosis:
	Schizophrenia
	XVI. Care of Selected Populations Across the
	Lifespan: Developmental Disorders,
	Gender/Sexuality, Aging, End of Life

## Nashua Community College Department of Nursing Curriculum Map – Second Year

Course	NURS 220N Nursing Care II:	NURS 240N Management of Nursing	End-of-Program Student Learning
	Concepts and Skills	Care Across the Lifespan	Outcomes
	Course Description		
	This course applies previous learning in nursing, life sciences, social sciences and the nursing process to the care of patients across the lifespan with acute health alterations in gastrointestinal, hepatobiliary, fluid and electrolyte function, acid-base balance, renal, respiratory, hematologic, cardiac, oncologic, immune health, and perioperative care. A systematic approach to each unit will include levels of prevention, pathophysiology, lifestyle alterations, environmental impact and modification, cultural considerations, interdisciplinary care plans, and legal and ethical implications inherent in delivering patient care. Clinical experiences will occur in the acute care hospital setting. Prerequisites: NURS140N, NURS230N.	This course is a capstone course that requires students to apply all previous learning to the care of patients/families across the lifespan, including patients/families with complex and/or emergent health alterations. Concepts of maternal-child health care, critical care, community health nursing, leadership, management, health care policy and trends, and transition to practice will be studied. Clinical experiences will occur in a combination of acute care hospital and community settings. Prerequisite: NURS220N.	
	End-of-Course Student Learning Outcomes		End-of-Program Student Learning Outcomes
	1. Apply the nursing process to the safe care of patients with a variety of health alterations in a multicultural adult acute health care setting with guidance from faculty.  2. Assess knowledge deficits of patients and families as a basis for developing and implementing education plans across the levels of prevention.	1. Apply the nursing process and evidence to resolve complex health-related problems of multicultural groups of patients / families across the lifespan.  2. Implement appropriate individualized teaching/learning principles to assist patients / families with primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention of health problems.	1. Plan and deliver safe individualized care to patients by integrating the nursing process and pertinent nursing knowledge, principles of teaching / learning, and preferences of patients or legal designees across the lifespan, diversity of culture, and the levels of prevention.  (Patient-Centered Care/Diversity)
	3. Collaborate with multi-disciplinary staff and faculty in selected settings in prioritizing, organizing, and providing safe nursing care for patients with diverse diagnoses.	3. Delegate aspects of patient care in the clinical setting consistent with the NH Nurse Practice Act.  4. Collaborate with multi-disciplinary staff and faculty in prioritizing, organizing, and providing safe nursing care for multicultural groups of patients / families across the lifespan.	2. Practice collaboratively on the multi- professional health care team using principles of leadership across the disciplines and throughout the health care system to influence and facilitate conflict resolution and the establishment and achievement of shared goals. (Leadership and Teamwork/Collaboration)

	5. Develop plans for continuing care of discharged patients / families with ongoing health alterations.	
Identify and participate in reducing barriers to delivering optimum care to assigned patients.	6. Apply principles of quality improvement to a problem encountered in clinical practice.  7. Analyze the impact of contemporary trends and health system issues on the provision of nursing care.	3. Support a culture of continuous quality improvement by using data to monitor outcomes; identifying, reporting, and intervening in actual or potential problems; collaborating with the multi-professional team throughout the health care system; and developing evidence-based strategies for optimal practice.  (QI/Safety; Collaboration; Evidence Based
5. Demonstrate an increasing ability to care safely for patients with complex health problems and / or assignments of multiple patients in a way that is organized, effective, and efficient.	8. Gather and use appropriate resources and current evidence from nursing, allied health and other sources in the delivery of nursing care.	Practice)  4. Use health care system resources and technology, including information technology, time, policies and procedures, materials, and equipment, to coordinate and deliver individual and / or population-focused care that is safe, effective and efficient.  (Informatics and Technology)
6. Exhibit therapeutic and individualized communication skills in all interactions.  7. Demonstrate effective, succinct, accurate, and timely reporting skills in all modalities and circumstances to provide evidence-based care.	9. Tailor communication to the cultural and developmental needs of patients and families.  10. Communicate effectively in managing and delegating patient care.	5. Communicate clearly in goal-oriented, culturally sensitive, caring, concise, and timely ways using written, verbal, non-verbal, and electronic modalities.  (Communication)
8. Use the ANA Code of Ethics for Nurses, ANA Standards of Practice, and the NH Nurse Practice Act as guidelines for personal and professional growth.  9. Apply principles of law and ethics to the analysis of dilemmas arising in class and clinical assignments.	11. Hypothesize resolutions for ethical dilemmas encountered in practice  12. Reflect the ANA Code of Ethics for Nurses, ANA Standards of Practice, and the NH Nurse Practice Act in the performance of the professional role.  13. Follow Board of Nursing procedures in the desired state of licensure to register for the NCLEX-RN.	6. Demonstrate accountability for professional practice using legal, ethical, and regulatory guidelines and participate in activities that contribute to life-long learning.  (Professionalism and Knowledge/Leadership)

		,
	14. Formulate strategies to address common	
	challenges in transitioning to practice	
	and professional development.	
Course To	pics/Units	
Course to	pics/ Offics	
NUIDC 220N	NUIDC 240N	
NURS 220N	NURS 240N	
I. Care of Diverse Patients with Acute Health	I. Introduction: Management of Nursing Care	
Problems	across the Life Span	
II. Caring for Patients during the Perioperative	II. Care of the Child, Infancy through	
Period	Adolescence	
i criou		
	III Overview of Penroductive Health Care	
III. Caring for Patients with Alterations in	III. Overview of Reproductive Health Care	
Gastrointestinal Function	A. Care of the Ante-Partum Family	
	B. Care of the High-Risk Ante-Partum	
IV. Caring for Patients with Alterations in	Family	
	,	
Hepatobiliary Function	IV Care of the Family during Labor and	
	IV. Care of the Family during Labor and	
V. Caring for Patients with Alterations in Fluid	Delivery	
and Electrolyte Balance		
and Electronyte Balance	V. Post-Partum Care of the Members of the	
M. Carlos for Ballanta with Altanation of Arist	Growing Family	
VI. Caring for Patients with Alterations in Acid-		
Base Balance		
	VI. Care of the Neonate	
VII. Caring for Patients with Alterations in		
Renal / Urinary Function	VII. Health Care Trends and Policy	
nenary orinary runedoff		
	VIII. Care of the Patient with Selected	
VIII. Caring for Patients with Alterations in		
Respiratory Function	Emergent Conditions	
IX. Caring for Patients with Alterations in	IX. Concepts of Critical Care	
Hematologic Function	X. Care of Diverse Aggregates in Community	
X. Caring for Patients with Alterations in	Settings	
Cardiac Function		
	XI. Caring for Victims of Disaster /	
VI Caring for Dationts with Alterations in Call	Bioterrorism: Preparation and Community	
XI. Caring for Patients with Alterations in Cell	Planning	
Proliferation	1 1011111111111111111111111111111111111	
XII. Caring for Patients with Alterations in	XII. Transitions to Practice	
Immune Function		
minute ranction		